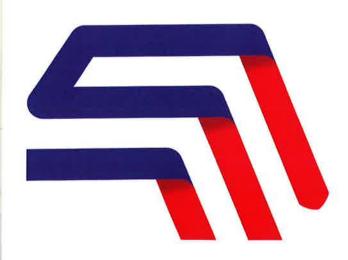


BRITSKÁ OBCHODNÍ KOMORA V ČESKÉ REPUBLICE

REPORT

ON THE AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022



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- Income Statement for the period 01.01.2022 31.12.2022
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of

Britská obchodní komora v České republice

Registered Address: Václavské náměstí 832/19, Nové Město, 110 00 Praha 1 Company Identification Number (IČ): 256 05 127

Auditor's Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial information of Britská obchodní komora v České republice (hereinafter also the "Company") prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, showing net assets total of 2.473 thds. CZK and a loss of 482 thds. CZK. These financial information comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022, and the income statement, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial information, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial information give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with international Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Act on Auditors, and Auditing Standards of the Chamber of Auditors of the Czech Republic, which are International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), as amended by the related application clauses. Our responsibilities under these laws and regulations are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Information section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Act on Auditors and the Code of Ethics adopted by the Chamber of Auditors of the Czech Republic and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Company's Board of Directors (hereinafter also "Company's statutory body") for the Financial Information

Company's statutory body is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as the statutory body determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial information that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial information, the Company's statutory body is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing in the notes to the financial information, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Company's statutory body either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Information

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial information as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the above mentioned regulations will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misinformation can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial information.

As part of an audit in accordance with the above law or regulation, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial information, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Company's statutory body in the notes to the financial information.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the statutory body's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial information or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial information, including the disclosures, and whether the financial information represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Company's statutory body regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and our significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies identified in the internal controls.

Limitation of use

This report is intended solely for the use by Britská obchodní komora v České republice in connection with Annual General Meeting and should not be used by (distributed to) other parties.

Prague on April 27, 2023

Grant Thornton Audit s.r.o.

Pujmanové 1753/10a, 140 00 Praha 4 - Nusle

Licence No. 603

Ing. Václav Buriánek

Auditor, Licence No. 2312

Financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

(in thousands of Czech crowns "TCZK")

_	OME AND EXPENDITURE	Note	2022 TCZK	2021 TCZK
INC	OME			
Marah		0.4	4.404	0.007
	pership fees Grant	8.1	4 184	2 937
	r operating income	8.1 8.1	2 213 36	7 008
Proje		8.2	3 098	54 2 960
1 10,6	ota	0.2		
Total	Income		9 531	12 959
EXP	ENDITURE			
Office	e materials and supplies	8.3	(11)	(58)
	of services	8.3	(1 527)	(2 102)
Proje	cts	8.3	(2 504)	(2 513)
Staff	costs	8.3	(5 099)	(7 879)
Depre	eciation	8.3	(431)	`(960)
Other	expenses	8.3	(441)	(571)
Total	Expenditure		(10 013)	(14 083)
(DEF	FICIT) FOR THE YEAR	~_	(482)	(1 124)
		· -		

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

27 4 2023

Gyy Barkı Chairman Chris Garlick

Treasurer

Year ended 31 December 2022

BALANCE SHEET	Note	2022 TCZK	2021 TCZK
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible and intangible assets	4	0	1 200
		0	1 200
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors and other current assets	5	963	3 210
Cash at bank and in hand	6	4 405	2 095
		5 368	5 305
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	7a	2 895	3 326
Net current assets		2 473	1 979
CREDITORS: amounts falling due over one year	7b	0	224
NET ASSETS		2 473	2 955
Represented by:			
Retained surplus from prior years		2 955	4 079
(Deficit) for the year		(482)	(1 124)
		2 473	2 955

Financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

CASH FLOW STATEMENT	2022 TCZK	2021 TCZK
(Deficit) for the current year	(482)	(1 124)
(Soliolity for the dufferit year	(402)	(1 124)
Investment in fixed assets Disposals of fixed assets	769	0
Changain		
Change in:		
Debtors and other current assets	2 247	(48)
Creditors	(655)	(1 355)
Depreciation	431	960
Operating cash flow	2 310	(1 567)
Increase/(Decrease) in cash balances	2 310	<u>(1 567)</u>
Cash at bank and in hand as at 1 January	2 095	3 662
Cash at bank and in hand as at 31 December	4 405	2 095

Financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

(in thousands of Czech crowns "TCZK")

1. Description and principal activities

Establishment and description of the Chamber

Britská obchodní komora v České republice ("the Chamber") was incorporated on 29th August 1997 in accordance with the provisions in Section 19 (2) of Act No. 42/1980 on Foreign Economic Relations.

The Chamber was not incorporated to undertake business activities. It was formed in order to bring together businesses and individuals who are interested in developing economic and commercial relations between the Czech Republic and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland ("United Kingdom").

The main Chamber activities are the development and promotion of all commercial, industrial and cultural relations between the Czech Republic and the United Kingdom.

The Chamber's Registered Office is at:

Britská obchodní komora v České republice

Václavské náměstí 832/19 110 00 Praha 1 Czech Republic

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the Chamber have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

(a) Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets purchased on or before 31 December 2020 are stated at acquisition cost. Tangible fixed assets purchased before that date costing less than TCZK 40 and intangible fixed assets costing less than TCZK 60 are charged to the profit and loss account in the year that they were acquired. From 1 January 2021 tangible fixed assets costing less than TCZK 80 and all intangible fixed assets are charged to the profit and loss account in the year that they were acquired. Depreciation is provided on a "straight-line" basis: for office equipment over a 4 year period.

(b) Leases

Since 1 January 2019, the Chamber applied standard IFRS 16 Leases.

Financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

(in thousands of Czech crowns "TCZK")

(b) Foreign Currency translation

Foreign currency translations are calculated using the exchange rates of the Czech National Bank valid at the date of transaction. During the year, exchange gains and losses are only recognised when realised at the time of settlement.

At the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the Czech National Bank rate for that day. Unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

(c) Membership fees

Membership fees are accounted for in the period to which they relate in terms of subject and time.

3. Related party transactions with Directors

In the year 2022 the related party transactions with the employers of Directors of the Chamber other than those (such as attendance at events, sponsorship and advertising) where they were treated in the same way as other members of the Chamber are listed below:

Vodafone Czech Republic, a.s. (Richard Stonavský) was paid 43,527.26 CZK excluding VAT for monthly mobile, fixed line and internet services.

Financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

4.	Fixed	assets

Cost	Office equipment and software TCZK
1 January 2022	3 180
Additions	0
Disposals	-2 880
31 December 2022	300
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation	
	TCZK
1 January 2022	1 980
Charge for the year	431
Disposals	-2 111
31 December 2022	300
Net book value	TCZK
1 January 2022	1 200
31 December 2022	0

Year ended 31 December 2022

5.	Debtors	2022 TCZK	2021
		ICZK	TCZK
	Trade debtors	107	72
	Advances	145	385
	Prepaid expenses	342	256
	Tax authorities	28	114
	Other	341	2 383
		963	2.040
		963	3 210
6.	Cash and bank balances	2022 TCZK	2021
		TCZK	TCZK
	Cash in hand	10	8
	Cash in bank	4 395	2 087
		4 405	2 095
			-
7a.	Creditors falling due	2022	2021
	within one year	TCZK	TCZK
	Trade creditors	116	0
	Finance lease liabilities	0	976
	Employees	330	680
	Other creditors	59	8
	Accruals	139	323
	Deferred income	2 251	1 339
	Reserve		0
		2 895	3 326
7a.	Creditors falling due	6000	
r a.	Creditors falling due over one year	2022 TCZK	2021 TCZK
	Finance lease liabilities	0	224
			201
		0	224

Year ended 31 December 2022

8.	Detailed income and expenditure account			
			2022 TCZK	2021 TCZK
8.1	Income			
	Membership fees OBNI/HUB Grant Paid commercial services and other income		4 184 2 213 36	2 937 7 008 54
			6 433	9 999
8.2	Projects (net of related income)			
	Communication	încome expenditure	81 (48) 33	22 (10) 12
	Seminars + Education	income expenditure	227 (124) 103	176 <u>(105)</u> 71
	Events + Regions	income expenditure	1 470 (1 616) (146)	1 919 <u>(1 623)</u> 296
	CSR including Diversity	ïncome expenditure	1 220 (636) 584	833 (775) 58
	Working Group	income expenditure	100 (80) 20	10 0 10
	Total	income expenditure	3 098 (2 504) 594	2 960 (2 513) 447

Year ended 31 December 2022

8.3	Evnanditura	0000	0004
0.3	Expenditure	2022 TCZK	2021 TCZK
	Office materials and supplies	(11)	(58)
	Cost of services		
	Rent	(141)	(568)
	BCC UK Fees	(16)	(15)
	Telephone, fax and internet	(85)	(108)
	Accountancy	(529)	(706)
	Legal & Audit services	(83)	(79)
	Travelling	(58)	(39)
	Representation costs	(117)	(44)
	IT services	(498)	(543)
		-	
		(1 527)	(2 102)
	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries (including redundancy costs)	(3 916)	(5 867)
	Social and health insurance	(1 183)	(2 012)
		(5 099)	(7 879)
	Depreciation / amortisation	(431)	(960)
	Other expenses (including irrecoverable VAT)		
	DIT Marketing	0	(22)
	Bank charges	(36)	(54)
	Office Equipment and Furniture	(3)	(125)
	Taxation	0	(25)
	Irrecoverable VAT	(184)	(140)
	Sundry expenses	(218)	(205)
		(441)	(571)
	(Deficit) for the year	(482)	(1 124)